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2	ENROLLED
3	Senate Bill No. 430
4	(By Senators Prezioso, Foster, Kessler (Mr. President) and Beach)
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6	[Passed March 7, 2012; in effect from passage.]
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11	AN ACT to amend and reenact $\$11-15B-2$, $\$11-15B-2a$, $\$11-15B-24$, $\$$
12	15B-25, §11-15B-26, §11-15B-30, §11-15B-32, §11-15B-33 and
13	§11-15B-34 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all
14	relating to the administration of sales and use tax generally;
15	adding new definitions; clarifying present definitions;
16	incorporating changes to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
17	Agreement; adding a "computer software maintenance contract'
18	as a Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement defined term;
19	relieving seller of tax liability in certain instances;
20	clarifying due dates that fall on weekends and legal holidays;
21	eliminating monetary allowance for certain sellers; providing
22	new effective dates; and clarifying state administration of
2 3	state and local sales and use tayes, bases and excentions

24 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- 1 That \$11-15B-2, \$11-15B-2a, \$11-15B-24, \$11-15B-25, \$11-15B-
- 2 26, \$11-15B-30, \$11-15B-32, \$11-15B-33 and \$11-15B-34 of the Code
- 3 of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all
- 4 to read as follows:
- 5 ARTICLE 15B. SALES AND USE TAX ADMINISTRATION.
- 6 §11-15B-2. Definitions.
- 7 (a) General. -- When used in this article and articles
- 8 fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter, words defined in subsection
- 9 (b) of this section shall have the meanings ascribed to them in
- 10 this section, except where a different meaning is distinctly
- 11 expressed or the context in which the term is used clearly
- 12 indicates that a different meaning is intended by the Legislature.
- 13 (b) Terms defined. --
- 14 (1) "Agent" means a person appointed by a seller to represent
- 15 the seller before the member states.
- 16 (2) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
- 17 Agreement as defined in section two-a of this article.
- 18 (3) "Alcoholic beverages" means beverages that are suitable
- 19 for human consumption and contain one half of one percent or more
- 20 of alcohol by volume.
- 21 (4) "Bundled transaction" means the retail sale of two or more
- 22 products, except real property and services to real property,
- 23 where: (i) The products are otherwise distinct and identifiable;
- 24 and (ii) the products are sold for one nonitemized price. A

- 1 "bundled transaction" does not include the sale of any products in
- 2 which the sales price varies, or is negotiable, based on the
- 3 selection by the purchaser of the products included in the
- 4 transaction.
- 5 (A) "Distinct and identifiable products" does not include:
- 6 (i) Packaging such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags and
- 7 bottles or other materials such as wrapping, labels, tags and
- 8 instruction guides that accompany the retail sale of the products
- 9 and are incidental or immaterial to the retail sale thereof.
- 10 Examples of packaging that are incidental or immaterial include
- 11 grocery sacks, shoe boxes, dry cleaning garment bags and express
- 12 delivery envelopes and boxes;
- 13 (ii) A product provided free of charge with the required
- 14 purchase of another product. A product is "provided free of
- 15 charge" if the sales price of the product purchased does not vary
- 16 depending on the inclusion of the product provided free of charge;
- 17 or
- 18 (iii) Items included in the member state's definition of
- 19 "sales price" as defined in this section.
- 20 (B) The term "one nonitemized price" does not include a price
- 21 that is separately identified by product on binding sales or other
- 22 supporting sales-related documentation made available to the
- 23 customer in paper or electronic form including, but not limited to,
- 24 an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement,

- 1 lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and services, rate card
 2 or price list.
- 3 (C) A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a
- 4 "bundled transaction", as defined in this subdivision, is not a
- 5 "bundled transaction" if it is:
- 6 (i) The retail sale of tangible personal property and a
 7 service where the tangible personal property is essential to the
 8 use of the service and is provided exclusively in connection with
 9 the service and the true object of the transaction is the service;
 10 or
- (ii) The retail sale of services where one service is provided that is essential to the use or receipt of a second service and the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service and the true object of the transaction is the second
- 15 service; or
- 16 (iii) A transaction that includes taxable products and
- 17 nontaxable products and the purchase price or sales price of the
- 18 taxable products is de minimis;
- 19 (I) "De minimis" means the seller's purchase price or sales
- 20 price of the taxable products is ten percent or less of the total
- 21 purchase price or sales price of the bundled products;
- 22 (II) Sellers shall use either the purchase price or the sales
- 23 price of the products to determine if the taxable products are de
- 24 minimis. Sellers may not use a combination of the purchase price

- 1 and sales price of the products to determine if the taxable 2 products are de minimis;
- 3 (III) Sellers shall use the full term of a service contract to 4 determine if the taxable products are de minimis; or
- 5 (iv) A transaction that includes products taxable at the 6 general rate of tax and food or food ingredients taxable at a lower 7 rate of tax and the purchase price or sales price of the products 8 taxable at the general sales tax rate is de minimis. For purposes 9 of this subparagraph, the term "de minimis" has the same meaning as 10 ascribed to it under subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph;
- (v) The retail sale of exempt tangible personal property, or 12 food and food ingredients taxable at a lower rate of tax, and 13 tangible personal property taxable at the general rate of tax 14 where:
- 15 (I) The transaction includes "food and food ingredients",
 16 "drugs", "durable medical equipment", "mobility-enhancing
 17 equipment", "over-the-counter drugs", "prosthetic devices" or
 18 "medical supplies", all as defined in this article; and
- (II) Where the seller's purchase price or sales price of the taxable tangible personal property taxable at the general rate of tax is fifty percent or less of the total purchase price or sales price of the bundled tangible personal property. Sellers may not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the tangible personal property when making the fifty percent

- 1 determination for a transaction.
- 2 (5) "Candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey or other
- 3 natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate,
- 4 fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of
- 5 bars, drops or pieces. "Candy" shall not include any preparation
- 6 containing flour and shall require no refrigeration.
- 7 (6) "Clothing" means all human wearing apparel suitable for
- 8 general use. The following list contains examples and is not
- 9 intended to be an all-inclusive list.
- 10 (A) "Clothing" shall include:
- 11 (i) Aprons, household and shop;
- 12 (ii) Athletic supporters;
- 13 (iii) Baby receiving blankets;
- 14 (iv) Bathing suits and caps;
- 15 (v) Beach capes and coats;
- 16 (vi) Belts and suspenders;
- 17 (vii) Boots;
- 18 (viii) Coats and jackets;
- 19 (ix) Costumes;
- 20 (x) Diapers, children and adult, including disposable diapers;
- 21 (xi) Ear muffs;
- 22 (xii) Footlets;
- 23 (xiii) Formal wear;
- 24 (xiv) Garters and garter belts;

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        (xv) Girdles;
 2
        (xvi) Gloves and mittens for general use;
 3
        (xvii) Hats and caps;
 4
        (xviii) Hosiery;
 5
        (xix) Insoles for shoes;
 6
        (xx) Lab coats;
 7
        (xxi) Neckties;
 8
        (xxii) Overshoes;
 9
        (xxiii) Pantyhose;
        (xxiv) Rainwear;
10
11
        (xxv) Rubber pants;
12
        (xxvi) Sandals;
1.3
        (xxvii) Scarves;
14
        (xxviii) Shoes and shoe laces;
15
        (xxix) Slippers;
16
        (xxx) Sneakers;
        (xxxi) Socks and stockings;
17
18
        (xxxii) Steel-toed shoes;
19
        (xxxiii) Underwear;
20
        (xxxiv) Uniforms, athletic and nonathletic; and
        (xxxv) Wedding apparel.
21
        (B) "Clothing" shall not include:
22
        (i) Belt buckles sold separately;
23
24
        (ii) Costume masks sold separately;
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- 1 (iii) Patches and emblems sold separately;
- 2 (iv) Sewing equipment and supplies, including, but not limited
- 3 to, knitting needles, patterns, pins, scissors, sewing machines,
- 4 sewing needles, tape measures and thimbles; and
- 5 (v) Sewing materials that become part of clothing including,
- 6 but not limited to, buttons, fabric, lace, thread, yarn and
- 7 zippers.
- 8 (7) "Clothing accessories or equipment" means incidental items
- 9 worn on the person or in conjunction with clothing. "Clothing
- 10 accessories or equipment" are mutually exclusive of and may be
- 11 taxed differently than apparel within the definition of "clothing",
- 12 "sport or recreational equipment" and "protective equipment". The
- 13 following list contains examples and is not intended to be an all-
- 14 inclusive list. "Clothing accessories or equipment" shall include:
- 15 (A) Briefcases;
- 16 (B) Cosmetics;
- 17 (C) Hair notions, including, but not limited to, barrettes,
- 18 hair bows and hair nets;
- 19 (D) Handbags;
- 20 (E) Handkerchiefs;
- 21 (F) Jewelry;
- 22 (G) Sunglasses, nonprescription;
- 23 (H) Umbrellas;
- 24 (I) Wallets;

- 1 (J) Watches; and
- 2 (K) Wigs and hair pieces.
- 3 (8) "Certified automated system" or "CAS" means software
- 4 certified under the agreement to calculate the tax imposed by each
- 5 jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount of tax to remit
- 6 to the appropriate state and maintain a record of the transaction.
- 7 (9) "Certified service provider" or "CSP" means an agent
- 8 certified under the agreement to perform all of the seller's sales
- 9 and use tax functions other than the seller's obligation to remit
- 10 tax on its own purchases.
- 11 (10) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts
- 12 information in digital or similar form and manipulates the
- 13 information for a result based on a sequence of instructions.
- 14 (11) "Computer software" means a set of coded instructions
- 15 designed to cause a computer or automatic data processing equipment
- 16 to perform a task.
- 17 (12) "Computer software maintenance contract" means a contract
- 18 that obligates a vendor of computer software, or other person, to
- 19 provide a customer with future updates or upgrades to computer
- 20 software, support services with respect to computer software or
- 21 both. The term "computer software maintenance contract" includes
- 22 contracts sold by a person other than the vendor of the computer
- 23 software to which the contract relates.
- 24 (A) A "mandatory computer software maintenance contract" is a

- 1 computer software maintenance contract that the customer is
- 2 obligated by contract to purchase as a condition to the retail sale
- 3 of computer software.
- 4 (B) An "optional computer maintenance contract" is a computer
- 5 software maintenance contract that a customer is not obligated to
- 6 purchase as a condition to the retail sale of computer software.
- 7 (13) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to the
- 8 purchaser by means other than tangible storage media.
- 9 (14) "Delivery charges" means charges by the seller of
- 10 personal property or services for preparation and delivery to a
- 11 location designated by the purchaser of personal property or
- 12 services including, but not limited to, transportation, shipping,
- 13 postage, handling, crating and packing.
- 14 (15) "Dietary supplement" means any product, other than
- 15 tobacco, intended to supplement the diet that:
- 16 (A) Contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
- 17 (i) A vitamin;
- 18 (ii) A mineral;
- 19 (iii) An herb or other botanical;
- 20 (iv) An amino acid;
- 21 (v) A dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the
- 22 diet by increasing the total dietary intake; or
- 23 (vi) A concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract or
- 24 combination of any ingredient described in subparagraph (i) through

- 1 (v), inclusive, of this paragraph;
- 2 (B) And is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder,
- 3 softgel, gelcap or liquid form, or if not intended for ingestion in
- 4 such a form, is not represented as conventional food and is not
- 5 represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and
- 6 (C) Is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement,
- 7 identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label as
- 8 required pursuant to 21 CFR § 101.36 or in any successor section of
- 9 the Code of Federal Regulations.
- 10 (16) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or
- 11 distributed by United States mail or other delivery service to a
- 12 mass audience or to addressees on a mailing list provided by the
- 13 purchaser or at the direction of the purchaser when the cost of the
- 14 items are not billed directly to the recipients. "Direct mail"
- 15 includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly
- 16 by the purchaser to the direct mail seller for inclusion in the
- 17 package containing the printed material. "Direct mail" does not
- 18 include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single
- 19 address.
- 20 (17) "Drug" means a compound, substance or preparation, and
- 21 any component of a compound, substance or preparation, other than
- 22 food and food ingredients, dietary supplements or alcoholic
- 23 beverages:
- 24 (A) Recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia,

- 1 official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States or official
- 2 National Formulary, and supplement to any of them;
- 3 (B) Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
- 4 treatment or prevention of disease; or
- 5 (C) Intended to affect the structure or any function of the
- 6 body. The amendment to this subdivision enacted during the 2009
- 7 regular legislative session shall apply to sales made after July 1,
- 8 2009.
- 9 (18) "Durable medical equipment" means equipment, including
- 10 repair and replacement parts for the equipment, but does not
- 11 include mobility-enhancing equipment, which:
- 12 (A) Can withstand repeated use;
- 13 (B) Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical
- 14 purpose;
- 15 (C) Generally is not useful to a person in the absence of
- 16 illness or injury; and
- 17 (D) Is not worn in or on the body.
- 18 (19) "Electronic" means relating to technology having
- 19 electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic
- 20 or similar capabilities.
- 21 (20) "Eligible property" means an item of a type, such as
- 22 clothing, that qualifies for a sales tax holiday exemption in this
- 23 state.
- 24 (21) "Energy Star qualified product" means a product that

- 1 meets the energy efficient guidelines set by the United States
- 2 Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of
- 3 Energy that are authorized to carry the Energy Star label. Covered
- 4 products are those listed at www.energystar.gov or successor
- 5 address.
- 6 (22) "Entity-based exemption" means an exemption based on who
- 7 purchases the product or service or who sells the product or
- 8 service. An exemption that is available to all individuals shall
- 9 not be considered an entity-based exemption.
- 10 (23) "Food and food ingredients" means substances, whether in
- 11 liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried or dehydrated form, that
- 12 are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for
- 13 their taste or nutritional value. "Food and food ingredients" does
- 14 not include alcoholic beverages, prepared food or tobacco.
- 15 (24) "Food sold through vending machines" means food dispensed
- 16 from a machine or other mechanical device that accepts payment.
- 17 (25) "Fur clothing" means clothing that is required to be
- 18 labeled as a fur product under the Federal Fur Products Labeling
- 19 Act (15 U. S. C. §69) and the value of the fur components in the
- 20 product is more than three times the value of the next most
- 21 valuable tangible component. "Fur clothing" is human-wearing
- 22 apparel suitable for general use but may be taxed differently from
- 23 clothing. For the purposes of the definition of "fur clothing",
- 24 the term "fur" means any animal skin or part thereof with hair,

- 1 fleece or fur fibers attached thereto, either in its raw or
- 2 processed state, but shall not include such skins that have been
- 3 converted into leather or suede, or which in processing the hair,
- 4 fleece or fur fiber has been completely removed.
- 5 (26) "Governing board" means the governing board of the
- 6 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.
- 7 (27) "Grooming and hygiene products" are soaps and cleaning
- 8 solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants and sun
- 9 tan lotions and screens, regardless of whether the items meet the
- 10 definition of "over-the-counter drugs".
- 11 (28) "Includes" and "including" when used in a definition
- 12 contained in this article is not considered to exclude other things
- 13 otherwise within the meaning of the term being defined.
- 14 (29) "Layaway sale" means a transaction in which property is
- 15 set aside for future delivery to a customer who makes a deposit,
- 16 agrees to pay the balance of the purchase price over a period of
- 17 time and, at the end of the payment period, receives the property.
- 18 An order is accepted for layaway by the seller when the seller
- 19 removes the property from normal inventory or clearly identifies
- 20 the property as sold to the purchaser.
- 21 (30) "Lease" includes rental, hire and license. "Lease" means
- 22 any transfer of possession or control of tangible personal property
- 23 for a fixed or indeterminate term for consideration. A lease or
- 24 rental may include future options to purchase or extend.

- 1 (A) "Lease" does not include:
- 2 (i) A transfer of possession or control of property under a
- 3 security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the
- 4 transfer of title upon completion of the required payments;
- 5 (ii) A transfer or possession or control of property under an
- 6 agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of
- 7 required payments and payment of an option price does not exceed
- 8 the greater of \$100 or one percent of the total required payments;
- 9 or
- 10 (iii) Providing tangible personal property along with an
- 11 operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. A condition
- 12 of this exclusion is that the operator is necessary for the
- 13 equipment to perform as designed. For the purpose of this
- 14 subparagraph, an operator must do more than maintain, inspect or
- 15 set up the tangible personal property.
- 16 (iv) "Lease" or "rental" includes agreements covering motor
- 17 vehicles and trailers where the amount of consideration may be
- 18 increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized upon
- 19 sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U. S. C.
- 20 \$7701(h)(1).
- 21 (B) This definition shall be used for sales and use tax
- 22 purposes regardless if a transaction is characterized as a lease or
- 23 rental under generally accepted accounting principles, the Internal
- 24 Revenue Code, the Uniform Commercial Code or other provisions of

- 1 federal, state or local law.
- 2 (31) "Load and leave" means delivery to the purchaser by use
- 3 of a tangible storage media where the tangible storage media is not
- 4 physically transferred to the purchaser.
- 5 (32) "Mobility-enhancing equipment" means equipment, including
- 6 repair and replacement parts to the equipment, but does not include
- 7 "durable medical equipment", which:
- 8 (A) Is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase
- 9 the ability to move from one place to another and which is
- 10 appropriate for use either in a home or a motor vehicle;
- 11 (B) Is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and
- 12 (C) Does not include any motor vehicle or equipment on a motor
- 13 vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle manufacturer.
- 14 (33) "Model I seller" means a seller registered under the
- 15 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement that has selected a
- 16 certified service provider as its agent to perform all the seller's
- 17 sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to
- 18 remit tax on its own purchases.
- 19 (34) "Model II seller" means a seller registered under the
- 20 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement that has selected a
- 21 certified automated system to perform part of its sales and use tax
- 22 functions, but retains responsibility for remitting the tax.
- 23 (35) "Model III seller" means a seller registered under the
- 24 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement that has sales in at least

- 1 five member states, has total annual sales revenue of at least \$500
- 2 million, has a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax
- 3 due each jurisdiction and has entered into a performance agreement
- 4 with the member states that establishes a tax performance standard
- 5 for the seller. As used in this definition, a seller includes an
- 6 affiliated group of sellers using the same proprietary system.
- 7 (36) "Model IV seller" means a seller registered under the
- 8 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement and is not a Model I
- 9 seller, a Model II seller or a Model III seller.
- 10 (37) "Over-the-counter drug" means a drug that contains a
- 11 label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 CFR
- 12 §201.66. The "over-the-counter drug" label includes:
- 13 (A) A drug facts panel; or
- 14 (B) A statement of the active ingredient(s) with a list of
- 15 those ingredients contained in the compound, substance or
- 16 preparation.
- 17 (38) "Person" means an individual, trust, estate, fiduciary,
- 18 partnership, limited liability company, limited liability
- 19 partnership, corporation or any other legal entity.
- 20 (39) "Personal service" includes those:
- 21 (A) Compensated by the payment of wages in the ordinary course
- 22 of employment; and
- 23 (B) Rendered to the person of an individual without, at the
- 24 same time, selling tangible personal property, such as nursing,

- 1 barbering, manicuring and similar services.
- 2 (40) (A) "Prepared food" means:
- 3 (i) Food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller;
- 4 (ii) Two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the
- 5 seller for sale as a single item; or
- 6 (iii) Food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller,
- 7 including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins or
- 8 straws. A plate does not include a container or packaging used to
- 9 transport the food.
- 10 (B) "Prepared food" in subparagraph (ii), paragraph (A) of
- 11 this subdivision does not include food that is only cut, repackaged
- 12 or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat, poultry and
- 13 foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the
- 14 consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration in
- 15 Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of its Food Code of 2001 so as to prevent
- 16 food-borne illnesses.
- 17 (C) Additionally, "prepared food" as defined in this
- 18 subdivision does not include:
- 19 (i) Food sold by a seller whose proper primary NAICS
- 20 classification is manufacturing in Sector 311, except Subsection
- 21 3118 (bakeries);
- (ii) Food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as a
- 23 single item; or
- 24 (iii) Bakery items, including bread, rolls, buns, biscuits,

- 1 bagels, croissants, pastries, donuts, danish, cakes, tortes, pies,
- 2 tarts, muffins, bars, cookies, tortillas.
- 3 (41) "Prescription" means an order, formula or recipe issued
- 4 in any form of oral, written, electronic or other means of
- 5 transmission by a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws
- 6 of this state to issue prescriptions.
- 7 (42) "Prewritten computer software" means computer software,
- 8 including prewritten upgrades, which is not designed and developed
- 9 by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific
- 10 purchaser.
- 11 (A) The combining of two or more prewritten computer software
- 12 programs or prewritten portions thereof does not cause the
- 13 combination to be other than prewritten computer software.
- 14 (B) "Prewritten computer software" includes software designed
- 15 and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications
- 16 of a specific purchaser when it is sold to a person other than the
- 17 specific purchaser. Where a person modifies or enhances computer
- 18 software of which the person is not the author or creator, the
- 19 person is considered to be the author or creator only of the
- 20 person's modifications or enhancements.
- 21 (C) "Prewritten computer software" or a prewritten portion
- 22 thereof that is modified or enhanced to any degree, where the
- 23 modification or enhancement is designed and developed to the
- 24 specifications of a specific purchaser, remains prewritten computer

- 1 software. However, where there is a reasonable, separately stated
- 2 charge or an invoice or other statement of the price given to the
- 3 purchaser for the modification or enhancement, the modification or
- 4 enhancement does not constitute prewritten computer software.
- 5 (43) "Product-based exemption" means an exemption based on the
- 6 description of the product or service and not based on who
- 7 purchases the product or service or how the purchaser intends to
- 8 use the product or service.
- 9 (44) "Prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective or
- 10 supportive device, including repair and replacement parts for the
- 11 device worn on or in the body, to:
- 12 (A) Artificially replace a missing portion of the body;
- 13 (B) Prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction of
- 14 the body; or
- 15 (C) Support a weak or deformed portion of the body.
- 16 (45) "Protective equipment" means items for human wear and
- 17 designed as protection of the wearer against injury or disease or
- 18 as protections against damage or injury of other persons or
- 19 property but not suitable for general use.
- 20 (46) "Purchase price" means the measure subject to the tax
- 21 imposed by article fifteen or fifteen-a of this chapter and has the
- 22 same meaning as sales price.
- 23 (47) "Purchaser" means a person to whom a sale of personal
- 24 property is made or to whom a service is furnished.

- 1 (48) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means:
- 2 (A) Any sale, lease or rental for any purpose other than for
- 3 resale as tangible personal property, sublease or subrent; and
- 4 (B) Any sale of a service other than a service purchased for 5 resale.
- 6 (49) (A) "Sales price" means the measure subject to the tax
- 7 levied under article fifteen or fifteen-a of this chapter and
- 8 includes the total amount of consideration, including cash, credit,
- 9 property and services, for which personal property or services are
- 10 sold, leased or rented, valued in money, whether received in money
- 11 or otherwise, without any deduction for the following:
- 12 (i) The seller's cost of the property sold;
- 13 (ii) The cost of materials used, labor or service cost,
- 14 interest, losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all
- 15 taxes imposed on the seller and any other expense of the seller;
- 16 (iii) Charges by the seller for any services necessary to
- 17 complete the sale, other than delivery and installation charges;
- 18 (iv) Delivery charges; and
- 19 (v) Installation charges.
- 20 (B) "Sales price" does not include:
- 21 (i) Discounts, including cash, term or coupons that are not
- 22 reimbursed by a third party that are allowed by a seller and taken
- 23 by a purchaser on a sale;
- 24 (ii) Interest, financing and carrying charges from credit

- 1 extended on the sale of personal property, goods or services, if
- 2 the amount is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale or
- 3 similar document given to the purchaser; or
- 4 (iii) Any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that
- 5 are separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale or similar
- 6 document given to the purchaser.
- 7 (C) "Sales price" shall include consideration received by the
- 8 seller from third parties if:
- 9 (i) The seller actually receives consideration from a party
- 10 other than the purchaser and the consideration is directly related
- 11 to a price reduction or discount on the sale;
- 12 (ii) The seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction
- 13 or discount through to the purchaser;
- 14 (iii) The amount of the consideration attributable to the sale
- 15 is fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of the sale of
- 16 the item to the purchaser; and
- 17 (iv) One of the following criteria is met:
- 18 (I) The purchaser presents a coupon, certificate or other
- 19 documentation to the seller to claim a price reduction or discount
- 20 where the coupon, certificate or documentation is authorized,
- 21 distributed or granted by a third party with the understanding that
- 22 the third party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon,
- 23 certificate or documentation is presented;
- 24 (II) The purchaser identifies himself or herself to the seller

- 1 as a member of a group or organization entitled to a price
- 2 reduction or discount (a preferred customer card that is available
- 3 to any patron does not constitute membership in such a group); or
- 4 (III) The price reduction or discount is identified as a
- 5 third-party price reduction or discount on the invoice received by
- 6 the purchaser or on a coupon, certificate or other documentation
- 7 presented by the purchaser.
- 8 (50) "Sales tax" means the tax levied under article fifteen of
- 9 this chapter.
- 10 (51) "School art supply" means an item commonly used by a
- 11 student in a course of study for artwork. The term is mutually
- 12 exclusive of the terms "school supply", "school instructional
- 13 material" and "school computer supply" and may be taxed
- 14 differently. The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 15 (A) Clay and glazes;
- 16 (B) Paints; acrylic, tempora and oil;
- 17 (C) Paintbrushes for artwork;
- 18 (D) Sketch and drawing pads; and
- 19 (E) Watercolors.
- 20 (52) "School instructional material" means written material
- 21 commonly used by a student in a course of study as a reference and
- 22 to learn the subject being taught. The term is mutually exclusive
- 23 of the terms "school supply", "school art supply" and "school
- 24 computer supply" and may be taxed differently. The following is an

- 1 all-inclusive list:
- 2 (A) Reference books;
- 3 (B) Reference maps and globes;
- 4 (C) Textbooks; and
- 5 (D) Workbooks.
- 6 (53) "School computer supply" means an item commonly used by
 7 a student in a course of study in which a computer is used. The
 8 term is mutually exclusive of the terms "school supply", "school
 9 art supply" and "school instructional material" and may be taxed
- 10 differently. The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 11 (A) Computer storage media; diskettes, compact disks;
- 12 (B) Handheld electronic schedulers, except devices that are
- 13 cellular phones;
- 14 (C) Personal digital assistants, except devices that are
- 15 cellular phones;
- 16 (D) Computer printers; and
- 17 (E) Printer supplies for computers; printer paper, printer ink.
- 18 (54) "School supply" means an item commonly used by a student
- 19 in a course of study. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms
- 20 "school art supply", "school instructional material" and "school
- 21 computer supply" and may be taxed differently. The following is an
- 22 all-inclusive list of school supplies:
- 23 (A) Binders;

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1
        (B) Book bags;
 2
        (C) Calculators;
 3
        (D) Cellophane tape;
 4
        (E) Blackboard chalk;
        (F) Compasses;
 5
 6
        (G) Composition books;
 7
        (H) Crayons;
 8
        (I) Erasers;
 9
        (J) Folders; expandable, pocket, plastic and manila;
        (K) Glue, paste and paste sticks;
10
11
        (L) Highlighters;
        (M) Index cards;
12
1.3
        (N) Index card boxes;
        (0) Legal pads;
14
        (P) Lunch boxes;
15
16
        (Q) Markers;
17
        (R) Notebooks;
        (S) Paper; loose-leaf ruled notebook paper, copy paper, graph
18
19 paper, tracing paper, manila paper, colored paper, poster board and
20 construction paper;
21
        (T) Pencil boxes and other school supply boxes;
22
        (U) Pencil sharpeners;
23
        (V) Pencils;
24
        (W) Pens;
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- 1 (X) Protractors;
- 2 (Y) Rulers;
- 3 (Z) Scissors; and
- 4 (AA) Writing tablets.
- 5 (55) "Seller" means any person making sales, leases or rentals 6 of personal property or services.
- "Service" or "selected service" 7 (56)includes all 8 nonprofessional activities engaged in for other persons for a 9 consideration which involve the rendering of a service 10 distinguished from the sale of tangible personal property, but does 11 not include contracting, personal services, services rendered by an 12 employee to his or her employer, any service rendered for resale or 13 any service furnished by a business that is subject to the control 14 of the Public Service Commission when the service or the manner in 15 which it is delivered is subject to regulation by the Public 16 Service Commission of this state. The term "service" or "selected 17 service" does not include payments received by a vendor of tangible 18 personal property as an incentive to sell a greater volume of such 19 tangible personal property under a manufacturer's, distributor's or 20 other third-party's marketing support program, sales incentive 21 program, cooperative advertising agreement or similar type of 22 program or agreement and these payments are not considered to be 23 payments for a service or selected service rendered, even though 24 the vendor may engage in attendant or ancillary activities

- 1 associated with the sales of tangible personal property as required
 2 under the programs or agreements.
- 3 (57) "Soft drink" means nonalcoholic beverages that contain
- 4 natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include
- 5 beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar
- 6 milk substitutes or greater than fifty percent of vegetable or
- 7 fruit juice by volume.
- 8 (58) "Sport or recreational equipment" means items designed
- 9 for human use and worn in conjunction with an athletic or
- 10 recreational activity that are not suitable for general use. Sport
- 11 or recreational equipment are mutually exclusive of and may be
- 12 taxed differently than apparel within the definition of "clothing",
- 13 "clothing accessories or equipment" and "protective equipment".
- 14 The following list contains examples and is not intended to be an
- 15 all-inclusive list. "Sport or recreational equipment" shall
- 16 include:
- 17 (A) Ballet and tap shoes;
- 18 (B) Cleated or spiked athletic shoes;
- 19 (C) Gloves, including, but not limited to, baseball, bowling,
- 20 boxing, hockey and golf;
- 21 (D) Goggles;
- 22 (E) Hand and elbow quards;
- 23 (F) Life preservers and vests;
- 24 (G) Mouth guards;

- 1 (H) Roller and ice skates;
- 2 (I) Shin guards;
- 3 (J) Shoulder pads;
- 4 (K) Ski boots:
- 5 (L) Waders; and
- 6 (M) Wetsuits and fins.
- 7 (59) "State" means any state of the United States, the 8 District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- 9 (60) "Tangible personal property" means personal property that
 10 can be seen, weighed, measured, felt or touched or that is in any
 11 manner perceptible to the senses. "Tangible personal property"
 12 includes, but is not limited to, electricity, steam, water, gas and
 13 prewritten computer software.
- 14 (61) "Tax" includes all taxes levied under articles fifteen 15 and fifteen-a of this chapter and additions to tax, interest and 16 penalties levied under article ten of this chapter.
- 17 (62) "Tax Commissioner" means the State Tax Commissioner or 18 his or her delegate. The term "delegate" in the phrase "or his or 19 her delegate", when used in reference to the Tax Commissioner, 20 means any officer or employee of the State Tax Division duly 21 authorized by the Tax Commissioner directly, or indirectly by one 22 or more redelegations of authority, to perform the functions 23 mentioned or described in this article or rules promulgated for 24 this article.

- 1 (63) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the taxes levied 2 by articles fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter or any additions 3 to tax penalties imposed by article ten of this chapter.
- 4 (64) "Telecommunications service" or "telecommunication 5 service" when used in this article and articles fifteen and 6 fifteen-a of this chapter shall have the same meaning as that term 7 is defined in section two-b of this article.
- 8 (65) "Tobacco" means cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe 9 tobacco or any other item that contains tobacco.
- 10 (66) "Use tax" means the tax levied under article fifteen-a of 11 this chapter.
- 12 (67) "Use-based exemption" means an exemption based on a 13 specified use of the product or service by the purchaser.
- 14 (68) "Vendor" means any person furnishing services taxed by
 15 article fifteen or fifteen-a of this chapter or making sales of
 16 tangible personal property or custom software. "Vendor" and
 17 "seller" are used interchangeably in this article and in articles
 18 fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter.
- 19 (c) Additional definitions. --
- Other terms used in this article are defined in articles 21 fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter, which definitions are 22 incorporated by reference into this article. Additionally, other 23 sections of this article may define terms primarily used in the 24 section in which the term is defined.

1 §11-15B-2a. Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement defined.

- As used in this article and articles fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter, the term "Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement" or "agreement" means the agreement adopted November 12, 2002, by states that enacted authority to engage in multistate discussions similar to that provided in section four of this article, except when the context in which the term is used clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended by the Legislature. "Agreement" includes amendments to the agreement adopted by the implementing states in calendar years 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and amendments adopted by the governing board on or before, January 31, 2012, but does not include any substantive changes in the agreement adopted after January 31, 2012.
- 14 §11-15B-24. Administration of exemptions.
- 15 (a) General rules.--
- When a purchaser claims an exemption from paying tax under article fifteen or fifteen-a of this chapter:
- 18 (1) Sellers shall obtain identifying information of the 19 purchaser and the reason for claiming a tax exemption at the time 20 of the purchase, as determined by the governing board.
- 21 (2) A purchaser is not required to provide a signature to 22 claim an exemption from tax unless a paper exemption certificate is 23 used.
- 24 (3) The seller shall use the standard form for claiming an

- 1 exemption electronically that is adopted by the governing board.
- 2 (4) The seller shall obtain the same information for proof of
- 3 a claimed exemption regardless of the medium in which the
- 4 transaction occurred.
- 5 (5) The Tax Commissioner may utilize a system wherein the
- 6 purchaser exempt from the payment of the tax is issued an
- 7 identification number that is presented to the seller at the time
- 8 of the sale.
- 9 (6) The seller shall maintain proper records of exempt
- 10 transactions and provide the records to the Tax Commissioner or the
- 11 Tax Commissioner's designee.
- 12 (7) The Tax Commissioner shall administer use-based and
- 13 entity-based exemptions when practicable through a direct pay
- 14 permit, an exemption certificate or another means that does not
- 15 burden sellers.
- 16 (8) In the case of drop shipments, a third-party vendor such
- 17 as a drop shipper may claim a resale exemption based on an
- 18 exemption certificate provided by its customer/reseller or any
- 19 other acceptable information available to the third-party vendor
- 20 evidencing qualification for a resale exemption, regardless of
- 21 whether the customer/reseller is registered to collect and remit
- 22 sales and use taxes in this state, when the sale is sourced to this
- 23 state.
- 24 (b) The Tax Commissioner shall relieve sellers that follow the

- 1 requirements of this section from the tax otherwise applicable if
- 2 it is determined that the purchaser improperly claimed an exemption
- 3 and shall hold the purchaser liable for the nonpayment of tax.
- 4 This relief from liability does not apply:

16 not available in that state.

- 5 (A) To a seller who fraudulently fails to collect the tax;
- 6 (B) To a seller who solicits purchasers to participate in the 7 unlawful claim of an exemption;
- 8 (C) To a seller who accepts an exemption certificate when the 9 purchaser claims an entity-based exemption when: (i) The subject of 10 the transaction sought to be covered by the exemption certificate 11 is actually received by the purchaser at a location operated by the 12 seller; and (ii) the state in which that location resides provides 13 an exemption certificate that clearly and affirmatively indicates 14 (graying out exemption reason types on uniform form and posting it
- 17 (c) Time within which seller must obtain exemption 18 certificates.--

15 on a state's website is an indicator) that the claimed exemption is

- A seller is relieved from paying tax otherwise applicable under article fifteen or fifteen-a of this chapter if the seller obtains a fully completed exemption certificate or captures the required data elements within ninety days subsequent to the date of sale.
- 24 (d) (1) If the seller has not obtained an exemption

- 1 certificate or all required data elements, the seller shall, within 2 one hundred twenty days subsequent to a request for substantiation 3 by the Tax Commissioner, either obtain a fully completed exemption 4 certificate from the purchaser, taken in good faith which means 5 that the seller obtain a certificate that claims an exemption that: 6 (i) Was statutorily available on the date of the transaction in the 7 jurisdiction where the transaction is sourced; (ii) could be 8 applicable to the item being purchased; and (iii) is reasonable for 9 the purchaser's type of business; or obtain other information
- 11 (2) If the seller obtains the information described in 12 subdivision (1) of this subsection, the seller shall be relieved of 13 any liability for the tax on the transaction unless it is 14 discovered through the audit process that the seller had knowledge 15 or had reason to know at the time such information was provided 16 that the information relating to the exemption claimed was 17 materially false or the seller otherwise knowingly participated in 18 activity intended to purposefully evade the tax that is properly 19 due on the transaction.

10 establishing that the transaction was not subject to the tax.

- 20 (e) Nothing in this section shall affect the ability of the 21 Tax Commissioner to require purchasers to update exemption 22 certificate information or to reapply with the state to claim 23 certain exemptions.
- 24 (f) A seller is relieved from paying the tax otherwise

- 1 applicable if the seller obtains a blanket exemption certificate
- 2 from a purchaser with which the seller has a recurring business
- 3 relationship. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (e) of
- 4 this section, the Tax Commissioner may not request from the seller
- 5 renewal of blanket certificates or updates of exemption certificate
- 6 information or data elements when there is a recurring business
- 7 relationship between the buyer and seller. For purposes of this
- 8 subdivision, a recurring business relationship exists when a period
- 9 of no more than twelve months elapses between sales transactions.
- 10 (g) Exception.--
- 11 No exemption certificate or direct pay permit number is
- 12 required when the sale is exempt per se from the taxes imposed by
- 13 articles fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter.
- 14 §11-15B-25. Uniform tax returns.
- 15 (a) *General.--*
- 16 A seller who registers with this state is required to file a
- 17 single sales and use tax return with the Tax Commissioner for each
- 18 taxing period.
- 19 (b) Due date of return.--
- 20 (1) This return shall be due on the twentieth day of the month
- 21 following the month in which the transaction subject to tax
- 22 occurred.
- 23 (2) When the due date for a return falls on a Saturday or
- 24 Sunday or legal holiday, the return shall be due on the next

- 1 succeeding business day. If the return is filed in conjunction
- 2 with a remittance and the remittance cannot be made pursuant to
- 3 subdivision (e), section twenty-six of this article, the return
- 4 shall be accepted as timely on the same day as the remittance under
- 5 that subdivision.
- 6 (c) Additional information returns.--
- 7 The Tax Commissioner shall make available to all sellers,
- 8 except sellers of products qualifying for exclusion from the
- 9 provisions of the agreement, a simplified return that is filed
- 10 electronically.
- 11 (d) The Tax Commissioner may not require a seller which has
- 12 indicated at the time of registration that it anticipates making no
- 13 sales which would be sourced to this state to file a return, except
- 14 that the seller shall lose the exemption upon making any taxable
- 15 sales into this state and shall file a return in the month
- 16 following any sale.
- 17 (e) After January 1, 2010, the Tax Commissioner shall give
- 18 notice to a seller, which has no legal requirement to register in
- 19 this state, of a failure to file a required return and a minimum of
- 20 thirty days to file thereafter prior to establishing a liability
- 21 amount for taxes based solely on the seller's failure to timely
- 22 file a return: Provided, That the Tax Commissioner may establish a
- 23 liability amount of taxes based solely on the seller's failure to
- 24 timely file a return if such seller has a history of nonfiling or

- 1 late filing.
- 2 (f) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Tax
- 3 Commissioner from allowing additional return options or the filing
- 4 of returns less frequently.
- 5 §11-15B-26. Uniform rules for remittances of funds.
- 6 (a) General.--
- Only one remittance is required for each return except as provided in this section.
- 9 (b) When electronic remittance required.--
- 10 (1) All remittances from sellers under Models I, II and III
- 11 shall be remitted electronically after December 31, 2003.
- 12 (2) All remittances in payment of taxes reported on the
- 13 approved simplified return format shall be remitted electronically.
- 14 (c) Method of remittance.--
- 15 Electronic payments shall be made using either the ACH credit 16 or ACH debit method.
- 17 (d) Alternative method.--
- 18 The Tax Commissioner shall provide by rule, which may be an
- 19 existing rule, an alternative method for making same-day payments
- 20 if an electronic funds transfer fails.
- 21 (e) Due date of remittances.--
- 22 (1) If a due date for a payment falls on a Saturday, Sunday or
- 23 legal holiday, the payment, including any related payment voucher

- 1 information, is due on the next succeeding business day.
- 2 (2) If the Federal Reserve Bank is closed on a due date that
- 3 prohibits a person from being able to make a payment by ACH debit
- 4 or credit, the payment shall be accepted as timely if made on the
- 5 next day the Federal Reserve Bank is open.
- 6 (f) Format of data accompanying remittance. --
- 7 Any data that accompanies a remittance shall be formatted
- 8 using uniform tax type and payment type codes approved by the
- 9 governing board.
- 10 $\S11-15B-30$. Monetary allowances for new technological models for
- sales tax collection; delayed effective date.
- 12 (a) Monetary allowance under Model I.--
- 13 (1) The Tax Commissioner shall provide a monetary allowance to
- 14 a certified service provider in Model I. This allowance shall be
- 15 in accordance with the terms of the contract between the governing
- 16 board of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement and the
- 17 certified service provider. The details of this monetary allowance
- 18 shall be developed and provided through the contract process. The
- 19 contract shall provide that the allowance be funded entirely from
- 20 money collected in Model I.
- 21 (2) The contract between the governing board and the certified
- 22 service provider may base the monetary allowance to a certified
- 23 service provider on one or more of the following:
- 24 (A) A base rate that applies to taxable transactions processed

- 1 by the certified service provider; or
- 2 (B) For a period not to exceed twenty-four months following a 3 voluntary seller's registration through the agreement's central
- 4 registration process, a percentage of tax revenue generated for a
- $5\ \text{member}$ state by the voluntary seller for each member state for
- 6 which the seller does not have a requirement to register to collect
- 7 the tax.
- 8 (b) Monetary allowance for Model II sellers.--
- 9 The monetary allowance to sellers under Model II may be based 10 on the following:
- (1) All sellers shall receive a base rate for a period not to

 12 exceed twenty-four months following the commencement of

 13 participation by a seller. The base rate is set by the governing

 14 board of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement after the base

 15 rate has been established for Model I certified service providers.

 16 This allowance is in addition to any vendor or seller discount
- 18 (2) A voluntary Model II seller not otherwise required to
 19 register with this state to collect the consumers sales and service
 20 tax and use tax, that registers through the Streamlined Sales and
 21 Use Tax Agreement's central registration process, shall receive for
 22 a period not to exceed twenty-four months following the voluntary
 23 seller's registration, the base rate percentage of tax revenue

17 afforded by each member state at the time.

- 1 (3) Following the conclusion of the twenty-four-month period,
 2 a seller will only be entitled to a vendor discount afforded under
 3 each member state's law at the time the base rate expires.
- 4 (c) Prohibition on allowance or payment of monetary 5 allowances.--
- Notwithstanding subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section,
 the Tax Commissioner may not allow any vendor, seller or certified
 service provider any monetary allowance, discount or other
 compensation for collecting and remitting the taxes levied by
 articles fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter, or for making and
 filing the periodic reports required by this article, or articles
 fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter, until the cost of collection
 study required by the agreement is completed and the monetary
 allowances are based on the results of that study, or on
 requirements of federal law requiring remote sellers to collect
 sales and use taxes for states that have signed the agreement.

17 **§11-15B-32**. **Effective date**.

- 18 (a) The provisions of this article, as amended or added during
 19 the regular legislative session in the year 2003, shall take effect
 20 January 1, 2004, and apply to all sales made on or after that date
 21 and to all returns and payments due on or after that day, except as
 22 otherwise expressly provided in section five of this article.
- 23 (b) The provisions of this article, as amended or added during 24 the second extraordinary legislative session in the year 2003,

- 1 shall take effect January 1, 2004, and apply to all sales made on 2 or after that date.
- 3 (c) The provisions of this article, as amended or added by act 4 of the Legislature in the year 2004 shall apply to all sales made 5 on or after the date of passage in the year 2004.
- 6 (d) The provisions of this article, as amended or added during
 7 the regular legislative session in the year 2008, shall apply to
 8 all sales made on or after the date of passage and to all returns
 9 and payments due on or after that day, except as otherwise
 10 expressly provided in this article.
- 11 (e) The provisions of this article, as amended or added during
 12 the 2009 regular legislative session, shall apply to all sales made
 13 on or after the date of passage and to all returns and payments due
 14 on or after that day, except as otherwise expressly provided in
 15 this article.
- (f) The provisions of this article, as amended or added during the 2010 regular legislative session, shall apply to all sales made on or after the date of passage and to all returns and payments due on or after that day, except as otherwise expressly provided in this article.
- 21 (g) The provisions of this article, as amended or added during 22 the 2012 regular legislative session, shall apply to all sales made 23 on or after the date of passage and to all returns and payments due 24 on or after that day, except as otherwise expressly provided in

1 this article.

2 \$11-15B-33. State administration of local sales and use taxes.

The Tax Commissioner shall administer, or authorize others to 4 conduct on his or her behalf, the sales and use tax laws of this 5 state subject to the agreement. Sellers and purchasers are only 6 required to register with, file returns with and remit funds to the 7 Tax Commissioner. The Tax Commissioner shall collect any municipal 8 sales and use taxes and distribute them to the appropriate taxing 9 jurisdictions. The Tax Commissioner shall conduct, or others may 10 be authorized to conduct on his or her behalf, all audits of 11 sellers and purchasers for compliance with the sales and use tax 12 laws of this state and the sales and use tax laws of its local 13 jurisdictions. Except as provided herein, local jurisdictions may 14 not conduct independent sales or use tax audits of sellers and 15 purchasers.

16 §11-15B-34. State and local sales and use tax bases.

- 17 (a) General. -- The tax base of a local jurisdiction that
 18 levies a local sales or use tax pursuant to authority granted by
 19 the Legislature shall be identical to the sales and use tax base of
 20 this state, unless otherwise prohibited by federal law, except as
 21 provided in subsection (b) of this section.
- 22 (b) Exceptions.--
- 23 This section does not apply to sales or use taxes levied on:
- 24 (1) The wholesale sale of gasoline or special fuel to power motor

- 1 vehicles, aircraft, locomotives, or watercraft or to electricity,
- 2 piped natural or artificial gas or other fuels delivered by the
- 3 seller, which local jurisdictions are prohibited from taxing; or
- 4 (2) the retail sale or transfer of motor vehicles, aircraft,
- 5 watercraft, modular homes, manufactured homes or mobile homes.